## Effective Mediation of Global Disputes

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#### WHAT IS A GLOBAL DISPUTE?



- Parties of different nationalities
- Cross-border contracts
- Legal systems or laws from different countries
- Foreign venue



#### RISE IN MEDIATION OF GLOBAL DISPUTES

- Increased popularity of remote mediations
- Globalization trends
- Rise in international supply-chain disputes
- Post-COVID migrations, increased actions involving foreign nationals



## UNIQUE CONSIDERATIONS

- How will you and the parties communicate effectively?
  - Languages
  - Cultural norms and traditions
    - Body language
    - Decision making
    - Negotiation







## UNIQUE CONSIDERATIONS (Cont.)

How will the parties view the mediation process?

A good settlement is better than a good lawsuit.
-Abraham Lincoln

- Laws and legal norms
- Legal systems
- Expectations about mediation
- Role of mediator



# UNIQUE CONSIDERATIONS (Cont.)



- Time zones
- Currencies
- Mode of payment



## UNIQUE CONSIDERATIONS (Cont.)



Do any ethical standards apply in addition to the Florida standards?



#### CORE VALUES / ETHICS

- Impartiality
- Neutrality
- Confidentiality
- Self-determination of the parties
- Competence



#### ADDITIONAL ETHICAL STANDARDS

- European Code of Conduct for Mediators / EU Mediation Directive
- International Mediation Institute
- UNCITRAL Model Law on International Commercial Mediation and International Settlement Agreements
- Country-specific laws



#### ENFORCING SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS



United Nations Convention on International Settlement Agreements Resulting from Mediation (New York, 2018) ("The Singapore Convention on Mediation")

- Approved by UN Commission on International Trade Law on June 25, 2018
- Adopted on December 20, 2018 by UN General Assembly
- 55 signatory countries, including the United States
- 10 countries have ratified (excluding United States)



### SINGAPORE CONVENTION - Purpose

- Establish harmonized legal framework for the invocation and enforcement of settlement agreements
- Promote mediation as an alternative and effective method of resolving disputes
- Bring certainty and stability to the international framework on mediation



## SINGAPORE CONVENTION - Scope

• Agreement <u>resulting from mediation</u> and concluding <u>in writing</u> by parties to resolve a <u>commercial dispute</u>, which at the time of its conclusion, is international.

#### • EXCLUSIONS:

- Settlement agreements concluded by a consumer for personal, family, or household purposes
- Family, inheritance or employment settlement agreements
- Settlement Agreements enforceable as a or arbitral award



### SINGAPORE CONVENTION - Key Provisions

- Article 3: Right of a disputing party to invoke a settlement agreement
- Article 4: Formalities for relying on a settlement agreement
  - Signed by the parties
  - Evidence that it resulted from mediation
  - Translation and any other proof required by court
  - Requirement that court act expeditiously
- Article 5: Grounds upon which a court may refuse to enforce / invoke settlement agreement







#### PRE-MEDIATION CONFERENCE

- Experiences and expectations for mediation
- Confidentiality, neutrality, and enforceability of settlement agreemer
- Attendees and settlement authority
- Logistics & technology
- Key issues and law





#### MEDIATION AGREEMENT

- Confirm authority and status of participants
- Confirm limitation of liability of mediator
- Set out settlement agreement formalities and requirements
- Explain confidentiality and other applicable rules
- Determine legal seat of mediation and governing law
- Clarify fees and costs
- Language and interpreters



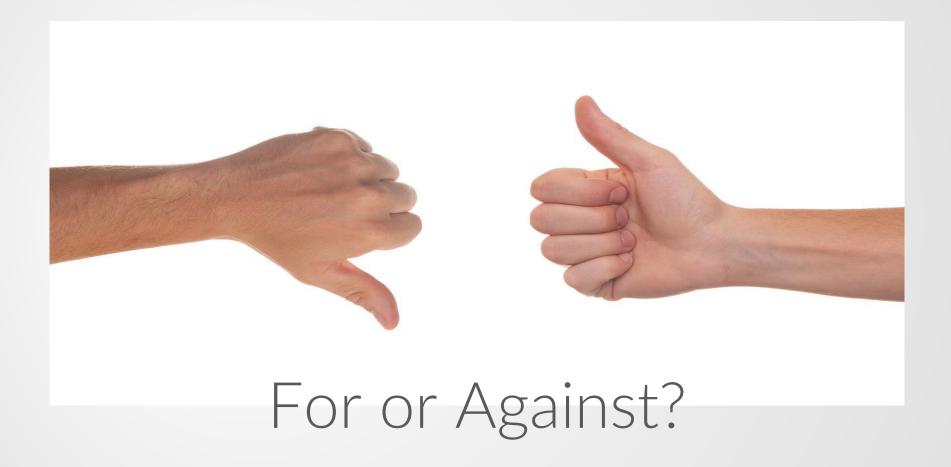
#### CO-MEDIATORS

- Subject-matter expertise
- Language
- Cultural knowledge
- Different styles
- Check and balance
- Culturally-balanced





## JOINT SESSIONS





### **TECHNOLOGY**







